

Dr. Huang's Post-Operative Instructions: Cochlear Implantation

General Care:

Rest: Take it easy for the first few days. Gradually return to normal activities as you feel comfortable, but avoid strenuous activities for at least 1-2 weeks.

Diet: You may resume a normal diet. Start with light meals on the day of surgery and increase as tolerated.

Sleeping Position: Elevate your head using extra pillows for the first few days to reduce swelling.

Incision Care:

- A cup dressing is placed over the incision and ear to prevent swelling and keep the site clean. You can wash the incision gently with mild soap 2-3 days after surgery; remove the dressing at that time. Wear it at night if you are able to tolerate it in order to prevent lying on the ear.
- Absorbable stitches are present and they will dissolve on their own within 5-7 days. If the stitches are exposed (not covered with tape), apply antibiotic ointment 2-3 times a day for two weeks.
- Slight redness and swelling around the incision are normal, but if swelling worsens, the incision becomes redder, or it becomes extremely painful, contact your doctor immediately.
- Drainage or fluid collecting under the incision is abnormal and requires prompt medical attention.

Water Precautions:

- · Avoid swimming until cleared by your surgeon.
- When showering, prevent water from entering the ear by placing a cotton ball with petroleum jelly in the outer ear.

Pain Management:

- Mild intermittent pain is common for the first two weeks, particularly near or in front of the ear, or when chewing.
- Over-the-counter pain relievers like Acetaminophen (Tylenol) or Ibuprofen (Motrin, Advil) can be used as directed. Prescription pain medications may also be used if provided.
- If the area around the surgical site is sensitive, cushioning it with fluffed gauze pads can help.

Symptoms to Expect:

- Dizziness and Nausea: Mild dizziness or nausea is common after surgery, especially due
 to inner ear drilling, and typically resolves within 24 hours to a few days. If dizziness
 worsens after a few days, contact your doctor.
- Taste Changes: Some patients experience a metallic taste or altered taste sensation, which is usually temporary.
- Voice Changes: Hoarseness from the anesthesia tube may last for a few days.
- Ear Sensations: Popping, clicking, or a feeling of fullness in the ear are common during the healing process and will resolve gradually.

Activity Restrictions:

- Avoid Lifting: Refrain from lifting anything heavy (over 10 lbs) or engaging in strenuous activities for at least 2-3 weeks.
- Air Travel: Avoid air travel for 4-6 weeks or until cleared by your surgeon.
- No Swimming: Swimming is not allowed until approved by your surgeon.

Risks of Cochlear Implantation Surgery:

As with any surgical procedure, cochlear implantation carries certain risks. These may include:

- Hearing loss or changes in hearing.
- Dizziness or balance problems.

- Tinnitus (ringing in the ear).
- Infection, bleeding, or swelling around the surgical site.
- Facial nerve injury (rare).
- Taste changes or metallic taste sensation.
- Graft or device failure (rare).
- Anesthesia-related complications.

When to Call the Doctor:

Contact Dr. Huang's nurse at 402-403-3094 extension 123 OR Option #2 followed by Option #2

- 1. Significantly worsening dizziness or balance problems.
- 2. Increased redness, swelling, drainage, or tenderness around the incision.
- 3. Stitches break or the incision begins to open.
- 4. Any problems moving your face
- 5. General condition worsens rather than improves as days pass.

Follow-Up:

Post-Op Appointment: Your first follow-up appointment will be scheduled within 1-2 weeks after surgery to monitor healing and remove any necessary sutures.

Patient Acknowledgment:

I acknowledge that I have received and understand the post-operative instructions and risks for my cochlear implantation surgery.

***BEFORE Surgery, I will make sure I have the Pneumovax Vaccine to prevent meningitis

Patient Signature:		
Date:		